Secl. II-37—100,000—22-5-42.

PUBLIC DEVELOPMENT (1944) Department.

MS. SERIES.

G.O. No. 277

Dated 8th April 1949

[Despatch Abstract.]

HINDU RELIGIOUS ENDOWMENTS BOARD - Establishment - Increase in the number of posts of several categories from 1944 onwards - Information regarding papers - Recorded.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FOR
HINDU RELIGIOUS ENDOWMENTS, MADRAS-6.

Lr.No.89777/48-Est.

Tele: "Religious" Dated 13-9-1948.

From

Sri T.M.Chinnaiya Pillai, M.A;B.L.,
President, Hindu Religious Endowments Board,
MADRAS-6.

To

The Assistant Secretary to the Government of Madras,
Firka Development Department, Fort St. George,
Madras-9.

Sir,

Ref:- Telephonic Message from the Government received on 24-8-48 re: the details of the staff.

Statements showing the details of the staff first employed by the Board since 15th April 1925, i.e. from the date of the constitution of the Board and of the subsequent variations of the staff in each fasli year as at the end of the fasli, with relevant footnotes, are sent herewith.

Yours faithfully,

Sd/- x x
President.

(True copy)

Superintendent,
Madras Record Office.

KRVD.17.7.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.
Firka Development.

MEMORANDUM NO.3811/48-2, F.D.V, DATED 11TH DECEMBER 1948.

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Sub: Hindu Religious Endowment Board - Staff - Details.

Ref: From the President, Hindu Religious Endowment Board, letter No.89777/48-Est., dated 13-9-1948.

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From the statements forwarded to Government with the letter from the President Hindu Religious Endowment Board cited, it is observed that there has been a sharp increase in the staff of the Hindu Religious Endowment Board from the year 1944. The strength of upper division clerks rose from 18 in 1943 to 48 in 1944 and against gradually every year till it rose to 83 now, similarly 22 L.D.clerks in 1943 became 98 clerks in 1944 and this rose to 198 to 1947. There is a similar extraordinary increase in the number of peons, which was 28 in 1943 , 85 in 1944 and finally rose to 164 in 1948. The number of Junior Superintendents also rose from 9 in 1945 to 13 in 1948.

2. The President is requested to furnish full and detailed reasons as to the sudden increases in the strength of the staff.

Sd/- x x
Secretary to Government.

To the President, Hindu Religious Endowment Board.

(True copy)

Superintendent,
Madras Record Office.

KRVD.20.7.

Tele: "Religious".

Office of the Board of Commissioners
for Hindu Religious Endowments,
Madras-6.

Letter No.170655/48-Est, dated 1--3--1949.

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From

Sri T.M.Chinnaiya Pillai, M.A., B.L.,
President, Hindu Religious Endowments Board,
M a d r a s - 6.

To

The Secretary to the Government of Madras,
Firka Development Department, Fort St. George,
MADRAS-9.

Sir,

Sub: Hindu Religious Endowments Board - Staff Details reasons.
Ref: Government Memorandum No.3811, F.D.(V)/48-2, dated 11-12-1948.

In the Government Memorandum referred to above it is observed that there has been a sharp increase in the strength of the staff as indicated below and reasons therefor have been called for.

Cadre.	1943.	1944.	1945.	1946.	1947.	1948.
Junior Superintendents.	-	-				13
Upper Division Clerks.	18	48				83
Lower Division Clerks.	22	98			198	
Peons.	128	85				164

I am setting out below full detailed reasons for increase of the staff and the circumstances in which the present strength was reached.

1. Junior Superintendents: There were only 9 posts of Junior Superintendents at the end of June 1945. Consequent on the coming into force of the Amendment Acts of V and X of 1944 and 1946 there was considerable increase in the volume of work in the office of the Board. The number of Sections in the office was 16; only 9 of them were in charge of Junior Superintendents, and the rest of them were in charge of 1st division Clerks without any extra remuneration for doing the work of Junior Superintendents. This arrangement was not satisfactory and had been found by predecessor as an evil affecting efficiency and requiring to be put an end to as early as possible. (Vide para 4 of my predeceasedrs' letter No.19957-M/44-2, dated 26-5-1944 closed in G.O.No.1719, P.H. dated 19-6-44). The Board therefore decided in the interests of the administration to increase the number of Junior Superintendent by one in the year 1946 and to create 3 additional posts in the year 1947. I may stated that the increase of the strength from 9 to 13 was also brought to the notice of the Government in the statement forwarded with the Board's budget for Fasli 1357 as enclosure 7 to my letter No.~~2112~~ 27913/Accts.47-1, dated 31-3-47. There are at present 16 main sections in the Head Office. Against these 16 sections there are only 13 junior Superintendents for 13 Sections. The remaining three Sections are being supervised by three upper division clerks as Section heads. On an average 4 to 5 clerks are working in each Section under the supervision of a junior Superintendent or Section heads. The ~~Superint~~ Junior Superintendent and the

Heads of Sections are responsible to and answerable for the speedy and efficient transaction of business allotted to the Sections. The three upper division Clerks who are in charge of three Sections are performing the duties of Junior Superintendents. But they are not getting any extra remuneration for the additional responsibilities allotted to them, in fairness these Sections also should be placed in charge of 3 Junior Superintendents but this has not been done as the strength of Junior Superintendents has not been raised over 13. The increase in the strength of the Junior Superintendents from 9 to 13 is in the circumstances justified by the increase in the volume of work and the requirements of the office.

2. Before dealing with the increase in the strength of upper division Clerks, lower division Clerks and peons, it is relevant for the purpose of a correct understanding to explain that the position was in 1943 and 1944. In 1943(a) the supervisor staff other than the Superintendents came under the following categories:-

I. Division Clerks and Inspectors.

II. Division Clerks and Inspectors and III Division Clerks.

(b) The staff in the Head Office was treated as a separate entity and the staff in the mufassal was treated as a different entity.

(c) In addition to the permanent staff borne on the funds of the Board, a separate staff borne on the funds of defunct temple committees, whose work was being done by the Board under Sec.60-A of the Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Act, 1926 (which Section was deleted by Madras Act V of 1944) had been appointed and was in existence both in the Head office and in the mufassal and the distinction between the Head Office staff and the mufassal staff was maintained in respect of the staff of these defunct Temple Committee also.

(d) In some districts temple committees were functioning and were maintaining their own staff.

This state of things will appear from the two statements showing the strength of the establishment as at the end of June 1943, one dealing with the staff in the Head Office and the other dealing with the staff in the mufassal. As a result of the passing of the Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Amendment Act, 1944 (Act V of 1944), the staff of temple Committees that were abolished and the staff maintained by the Board for doing the work of the defunct temple Committees became absorbed in the Board's staff and Assistant Commissioners' Offices were created. Owing to the changed circumstances there was a re-organisation of the entire department both in the Head office and in the mufassal. A very meagre staff was provided for the offices of the Assistant Commissioners. It was decided that, with effect from 1-7-44, the III Division posts shall be abolished and that the incumbents of these posts shall be classified as II Division men (Vide resolution No.7 in Encl.1 to my predecessor's letter No.19957-M/44-2, dated 26-5-1944 approved in G.O.Ms.No.1719, P.H. dated 19-6-1944). It was also decided on 30-6-1944 that the staff in the Head Office and the mufassal should be amalgamated. (Vide Encl.II to my predecessor's letter No.19957-M/44-3, dated 22-7-44 approved in G.O.Ms.No.2798 P.H., dated 7-10-44).

3. With these prefatory remarks each cadre may now be dealt with.

4. Upper Division Clerks:- It will be seen from the statement showing the strength of the staff in the Head Office

and the mufassal as on 30-6-1943 (copies sent herewith as Encl.1 and 2 for ready reference) that in the Head Office there were 18 I Division Clerks borne on the Board's funds and 6 I Division Clerks borne on the funds of the defunct Temple Committees and that in the mufassal there were 21 I Division Inspectors borne on the funds of the Board thus making a total of 45 in the I Division. Thus the total I Division strength in 1943 was 45 and not 18 as mentioned in the Government. Memorandum under reply. In 1944 even before the passing of Madras Act V of 1944, an Assistant Commissioner was appointed for Tanjore District in connection with the formation of his office 2, I Division clerks on a permanent footing and one temporary post of I Division Clerk till 30-6-1944 in connection with the work of the defunct Temple Committees were sanctioned by the Board. As a result, the strength of the I Division Clerks and Inspectors rose from 45 in 1943 to 48 on 30-6-1944. In the reorganisation referred to above and approved by the Government in G.O.Ms.No.1719 P.H., dated 19-6-44, the strength of the I Division Clerks and Inspectors was fixed as follows having due regard to the needs of the administration, namely the necessity to have a I Division man as Head Clerk in the Assistant Commissioner's Offices and to have as adequate an inspecting staff as possible.

I. Division Clerks	(Head Office)	26 (Retained as before the reorganisation)
-do-	(Mufassal)	12 Head Clerks of Assistant Commissioner Offices.
-do-	(Inspectors).	31.
	Total ...	69

In extension of the Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Act to the religious institutions in the city of Madras and the removal of the distinction between excepted and non-excepted temples, as a result of the Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Amendment Act 1946 (Act X of 1946), resulted in the increase of the work of the Board; and as the Board had to do both the space work and the supervision work in the City for the first time the creation of 4 posts in the I division as clerks and Inspectors became absolutely necessary. Thus the I Division strength was 73 on 30-6-46. Subsequently, owing to the increased work in all directions consequent on the amendment of the Act and as a result of the drive made by the Assistant Commissioners for obtaining accounts and budgets, verification of Section 38 registers and returns of income, collections of contribution, costs and audit fees and the enquiries they made, the existing inspecting staff was found to be inadequate to cope with the work in the mufassal. The Board therefore sanctioned 10 posts of Upper Division Inspectors in the interests of efficiency. Thus the strength rose to 83 by 30-6-1947. This was brought to the notice of the Government in Encl.(7) of my letter to Government dated 31-3-47 referred to above. The strength of the Inspectorate is even now felt insufficient there being only one Inspector for a whole District in several Districts and one Inspector for several Taluks in a District in some instances. The Temple Committees had more number of Inspectors for their limited jurisdiction.

5. Lower Division Clerks: The Government have observed that the strength of the lower Division Clerks rose from 22 in 1943 to 98, in 1944 and to 198 in 1947. On 30-6-43

the strength of the lower division staff (then known as II Division) was not 22, but 62 as will be seen from the particulars mentioned in the statements showing the strength as on 30-6-43 (Encls.1 and 2 hereto attached) and noted below:-

(a)	Head office Clerks borne on Board's funds.	22
(b)	Clerks in the Head Office borne on the funds of the Defunct Temple Committees ..	23
(c)	Inspectors in the Mufassal borne on Board's funds ..	3
(d)	Inspectors in Mufassal borne on the funds of the Defunct Temple Committees ..	13
(e)	Temporary Inspector ..	1
	Total in 1943	62

The difference between the actual figure and the figure given in the Government Memorandum is due to the circumstance that the latter does not take into accouht the II Division staff in the Head Office and in the mufassal borne on the funds of defunct temple committees and the temporary post of one Inspector.

In addition to the said 62 II Division men there were 62 III Division Clerks as on 30-6-43 in the Board's service. In the Temple Committees that were abolished by Madras Act V of 1944 there were 35 clerks. In the reorganisation mentioned above,

(a) Offices of the Assistant Commissioners were formed in the mufassal and the strength of the II Division clerks had to be increased for the purpose;

(b) 35 members of the clerical staff of the abolished committees in the Districts of South Arcot, Trichy and Tanjore were absorbed in the Board's service and brought into the cadre of II Division.

(c) 62 posts of III Division Clerks in the Head Office and in the mufassal were assimilated with the cadre of II Division with effect from 1-7-44 on the abolition of the III Division cadre.

The strength of the II Division was fixed at 139 as stated below:-

Lower Division Clerks	-	Head Office ..	68
-do-		Mufassal ..	58
-do-		Inspectors ..	13
		Total ..	139

This was approved by the Government in G.O.Ms.No.1719 P.H. dated 19-6-1944 mentioned above.

In October 1944, the Government, appointed 3 more Assistant Commissioners for the Districts of East Tanjore, South Arcot and North Arcot, and Nellore and Chittoor. For manning the offices of these Assistant Commissioners, the Board had to sanction

Board had to sanction 10 posts of II Division Clerks. Thus the total number of posts II Division was raised to 149 by the end of December 1944. The enactment of Madras Act X of 1946 extending the jurisdiction of the Board and abolishing the category of excepted Temples and the sanction by the Government of two more Assistant Commissioners necessitated the appointment of 8 more II Division Clerks with effect from 8-4-46 to cope with the increased work including the work relating to the City Temples. Thus, the total number of posts in the lower division rose to 157 in 1946 and the said strength remained the same till the end of June 1948. In the year 1947 two posts of Lower Division were retrenched. In the result, the strength was reduced to 155. In addition to these 155 permanent posts of Lower Division Clerks and Inspectors were sanctioned for the reason already stated in the statements furnished to the Government namely

(1) for verification of registers of Endowments required under Sec.38 of the Act, one Inspector for each Division of an Asst. Commissioner.	16
(2) To assist the three Agricultural Demonstrators (since abolished).	3
(3) Audit Establishment from audit fund	8
(4) Record work in the Head Office	3
(5) Record work in the Asst. Commissioner's Offices at Tanjore, Cuddalore, Trichy, Tirunelveli, Madura, Negapatam, Kurnool, and Madras City.	8
(6) For copying paimash accounts in the Collector's Office, Calicut (since abolished). ..	1
(7) Asst. Commissioner's office, Negapatam to cope with the increase in work ..	1
(8) To attend to the work connected with the National Savings Certificates. ..	1
(9) Audit Establishment from Board's Funds.	2
Total ..	43

Thus the strength of lower division clerks and Inspectors as on 30-6-48 is 155 permanent and 43 temporary.

6. Peons. In 1943, the strength of the peons was not 28 as stated in the Government memorandum but 68 as will be seen from the statements showing the strength of the staff on 30-6-43 (vide Encls.1 and 2). The particulars are as follows:-

1. Peons borne on Board's funds in Head Office. ..	25	Consequent on two offices being run one at Nungambakkam and another at Mylapore, the Tahsildar Offices having occupied the down floor of the Board's office building during the evacuation.
2. Peons borne on funds of defunct temple Committees in Head Office.	2	
3. Boy Peon (Temporary) "	1	
4. Peons (Temporary) "	2	
5. Peons (Mufassal) borne on Board's funds (one for each Inspector)	24	
6. -do- -do- for temporary Inspector.	1	
7. -do- borne on funds of defunct temple committees (one for each Inspector)	13	
Total.	68	

The number of posts borne on the Board's funds in the mufassal and borne on the funds of Defunct Temple Committees totalling 40 has not been taken into account in the Government memorandum and hence the difference. Besides these, there were 11 peons in the offices of the Temple Committees in the Districts of Tanjore, Trichy and South Arcot. On the abolition of these committees by Madras Act V of 1944, tnese 11 peons became absorbed in the Board's service.

In the reorganisation of the Department above referred to the strength of the peons in the permanent establishment was fixed at 113 as indicated below:-

Peons Head Office	...	36	
Peons - Mufassal.	...	77	(33 at the rate of 3 peons for each of the 11 Asst. Commissioner's Offices and 44 at one peon for each Inspector
Total	...	113	

This fixation was approved by the Government in G.O.Ms. No.1719, P.H., dated 19-6-44 aforesaid. Subsequently, when 3 Asst. Commissioners offices were formed at Tanjore, Cuddalore and Nellore the Board sanctioned 8 posts of peons to be attached to the said offices, bringing the total to 121 at the end of June 1945. As the 3 Asst. Commissioners' Offices required 9 peons and one peon had to be given for the additional post of an Inspector, two posts of peons on a permanent basis in addition to the 8 posts of peons aforesaid were sanctioned by the Board later on and the strength of the peons in the permanent Establishment for both the Head Office and the Mufassal thus became 123 at the end of June 1946. Though 6 peons were required for the Offices of the two more Assistant Commissioners sanctioned by the Government and ten peons for the ten Inspector sanctioned by the Board to cope with the increased work as stated already, the Board appointed only 13 peons on a permanent basis by reducing the head office permanent strength. Thus the total number of permanent peons was revised from 123 in 1946 to 136 in 1947.

In addition to the 136 permanent posts of peons, 28 temporary posts of peons were sanctioned till 30-6-49 for the reasons already stated in the statement furnished to the Government.

1. Temporary audit (Head office) ... 2
2. Head office attached to the residences of officers). ... 6

Note: No new posts were created but 6 permanent posts of peons in Head office were utilised for posts of peons in the mufassal in the Asst. Commissioner's office and 6 temporary posts were attached to the Head office.

3. To work under the 16 special Inspedtors sanctioned for obtaining and verifying Sec.38 Registers 16.

4. To work under the additional Inspector in the Asst. Commissioner's Office, Nagapatam .1

5. To work under the 3 Agricultural Demonstrators Tractors. ... 3

28

Thus the total strength of peons on 30-6-48 was 164 (136 permanent and 28 temporary).

7. A tabulatar statement showing the strength of Junior Superintendents, Upper Division Men Lower Division men and peons as from 1943 is appended as Encls.3. It will be seen therefrom that there has been no sharp increase of the staff; the additions made to the strength approved by the Government in 1944 were rendered necessary by

(a) the creation of 5 additional posts of Assistant Commissioners by Government and the formation of offices for such Assistant Commissioners.

(b) the extension of the Hindu Religious Endowments Act to the Madras City.

(c) the increase of work both in the Head Office and in the mufassal owing to the extension of the powers and duties of the Board by Madras Act X of 1946 over temples classified till then as excepted and being subject to limited jurisdiction.

(d) the drive under taken by the Board for a more intensive inspection of the Temples and of register of properties and

(e) an all round increase of work.

8. The increase gradually effected has been reported every year in the annual budgets and the annual administration reports of the Board. In the past, financial exigencies stood in the way of employment of adequate staff. To some extent this was remedied in the reorganisation of 1944. Subsequent addition to the work of the Board by reason of the Amendment Act of 1946, the Madras Temple Entry Authorisation Act and the Rent Reduction Act, the activities in connection with the Grow More Food Campaign and the Zamindari Abolition Bill, and the Scheme for the verification of Temple jewels has been enormous while the addition to the staff has not at all been proportionately adequate. The Board has been saving to the extent of over two lakhs every year out of its current income much to the detriment of its efficiency and laying itself open to the attack of collecting more contributions than necessary. The Board has been overworking the staff and not adequately strengthening it, lest it should be criticised as extravagant in its expenditure. It is with considerable pressure that the Board is now carrying on. The sharp increase in work will be evident from the figures noted below showing the number of tappals received during the years 1945-to 1948.

Year.	No. of Tappals.
1945	73,427
1946	1,09,917
1947	1,21,657
1948	1,75,270

There has been enormous increase in the outgoing references also. In the Head Office there is need for more superintendents as well as clerks. In the mufassal there is need for more Inspectors. Government were pleased to observe in one of their communications that if trustees (who are generally indifferent to calls for information) do not give information, the Board's Inspectors should go to the Villages concerned and obtain the information. I agree that this is necessary. But for this

purpose and for a regular inspection of all religious Institutions, the number of Inspectors has to be augmented. In my opinion far from there having been a sharp or unnecessary increase in the staff, the strength is not at all adequate to deal with the increased and many sided activities of the Board.

(True copy)

Superintendent,
Madras Record Office.

KRVD.20.7.

C.No.3811/48.

Firka Development Department (V).

From the President, H.R.E.Board, letter No.89777/48-Est., dated 13-9-1948.

H.R.E. BOARD -- ESTABLISHMENT - PARTICULARS.

Please see pp.1-5 c.f. and the statement submitted by the Pdt., H.R.E. Board showing the details of the staff first employed by the Board from the date of constitution of the Board and of the subsequent additions and variations of the staff made in each fasli year.

ASM
20/9

SG
21/9/48.

S.S.D.
22/9/48.

Please analyse this bulky volume of statements and show what important variations were made from year to year and where ~~there~~ there have been appreciable increases in the staff. A neat tabular statement which shows at a glance these important changes or large increases or expansions of the staff should be devised and drawn up for H.Pr's. use and reference.

M.S.J(agannayakulu)
22/9/48.

Secretary's orders above.

A statement showing the variations of the staff of the H.R.E. Board is put up at flag (B).

ASM
4/10/48.

SG
6/10/48.

S.S.D.
9/13-10-48.

Please bring in person on 18-10-48.

M.S.J(agannayakulu)
16/10/48.

There has been a sharp rise in the staff from the year 1944. The strength of U.D.Clerks rose from 18 in 1943 to 48 in 1944, and again gradually every year till it rose to 83 now similarly 22 L.D. clerks in 1943 became 98 clerks in 1944 and this rose to 198 in 1947. There is a similar extraordinary increase in the number of peons. Please examine what other increases there are, and ask for full and detailed reasons for this sudden and tremendous increases in staff from 1943.

M.S.J.
1/12/48.

P.T.O.

Besides the sharp increases pointed out by the Secretary, above, there seems to be a slight increase in the number of Junior Superintendents from 1945. In 1945 the number of Junior Superintendents was only 9 but it is now 13. The reason for this increase, may also be ascertained from the President.

The draft memo below is for approval.

MAR.9/12 S.S.D.
L.B. 10/12/48.
9/12/48.

(Issued as Memo No.3511/48-1,F.D.V, dated 11-12-48).

From the Pdt., H. R.E.Board, letter No.170655/48 Est. dated 1-3-1949.

Please see the Pdt's. reply on pp.11-21 c.f. The Pdt., has furnished in details the reasons for the increase in the strength of the staff pointed out in the Government Memorandum on pp.9-10 c.f.

JUNIOR SUPERINTENDENTS: The number of Junior Supdts. in 1945 was only 9 and it rose to 13 in 1948. The President states that there are 16 sections in the Board's Office out of which only 13 sections are now having Junior Superintendents, the other three being managed only by U.D. Clerks without any additional remuneration. The main reason adduced for the increase in the number of junior supdts. from 9 to 13 is that there is an enormous increase in the volume of work, after the Madras H.R.E.(Amendments) Act 1944 came into force, and in the interests of efficiency the number has to be increased to cope up with the increased work. The president, still feels that the volume of work in his office even justifies the appointment of 16 junior Supdts.

U.D. CLERKS: It has been pointed out in Government Memo on pp.9-10 c.f. that the number of U.D. posts in 1943 was 18 and that this rose to 83 in 1948. The Pdt. states that the number of posts of 18 U.D.Clerks in 1943 referred to by Government represent only the posts in the head office borne on the funds of the defunct Temple Committees and the number of Institutions in the Muffasal, the Pdt., states the total number of U.D.Clerks (1 Dvn. Clerks) in 1943 would come to 45. The number of U.D.Clerks from 1943 to 1948 has thus increased from 45-to 83. The main reasons for this increase are stated to be due to (1) the general increase in work as a result of Amendment Acts 1944 and 1946, (2) the drive made by the Assistant Commissioners for obtaining accounts and budgets, verification of sec.38 registers etc.

L.D. CLERKS. Here again the number of posts in 1943 referred to in the Government Memo was only 22 and this represents only the number of posts borne out of Board funds. The President states that taking into account the number of posts borne on the funds of the defunct temple committees, the total number of L.D. posts in 1943 would come to 63. Thus the number of L.D.posts has increased from 63 in 1943 to 198 in 1947. The President, on pp.16-17 cf. has given in detail the reasons for this increase.

PEONS: Here also the President states that the number of posts of 28 in 1943 referred to by Government only represents the number of posts in the head office borne out of Board's funds. Taking into account the number of posts borne on the defunct temple committees, the Pdt., states that the total number of posts in 1943 is 68 and this number has increased to 164 in 1948. The reasons for the increase are given in detail in para 6 of his letter on pp.18-20 c.f.

The President in para 7-A of his report on p.20 has given in a nut shell the reasons for the general increase in the strength of the staff. He considers that the increase is not very sharp. He, on the other hand states that the existing staff is overworked and there is good justification for increasing the strength of the staff even more.

In view of the reasons now explained by the President it would seem that the general increase in the strength of the staff pointed out by the Government, is commensurate with the increased work in the Board's office during the last Quin Quennium and that there has not been undue or sharp increase in the strength of the staff.

Sd/- x x
2/4/49.

No further action seems called for in this file. The papers may perhaps be

G.O.Ms.No.377, Dated 5th April 1949.

R E C O R D E D.

ABSTRACT. HINDU RELIGIOUS ENDOWMENT BOARD - Establishment Increase in the number of posts of general category from 1944 and ordinary Information regarding Papers - Recorded.

(True copy)

for Superintendent,
Madras Record Office.

KRVD.20.7.